UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY FALL 1990

HISTORY 401 MR. SCHULTZ

AMERICAN URBAN HISTORY 1607 TO 1870

Texts:

Kenneth A. Lockridge, A NEW ENGLAND TOWN: THE FIRST HUNDRED YEARS

Richard C. Wade, SLAVERY IN THE CITIES

Charles E. Rosenberg, THE CHOLERA YEARS: THE UNITED STATES IN 1832, 1849, AND 1866

Reprint collection of articles (purchase at Kinko's)

Course Meetings and Requirements:

Students will attend two lectures (75 minutes each) and one required discussion section (50 minutes) per week. A Teaching Assistant will lead the discussion sections which normally will focus on the reading assignments for the course.

Grades will depend on performance on the examinations, the essay review, and attendance at and participation in the discussion sections. Steady improvement over the semester will finds its reward in the final grade. We will evaluate your work on its blend of necessary factual information and thoughtful analyses of the major issues.

We have scheduled two examinations during the course; each will be in essay format. There will be a required mid-term (scheduled for October 23rd) and a final examination (scheduled by the College for Friday, December 21st at 2:45 P.M.).

Writing Assignment:

In addition to examinations, there will be one required writing assignment. All undergraduate students will write one short (4-8 double-spaced, typewritten pages) essay review (format to be provided). The essay-review will be based on a sufficient variety of materials to allow analysis of differing viewpoints on the subject. Normally, this would be two books, or one book and several articles. Students who prefer to write a short research paper, based upon primary historical materials, rather than the essay-review, may do so.

All graduate students enrolled in the course must write a research paper based on primary sources.

The writing assignment will be due no later than December 10. We will grant no exceptions to the due date.

COURSE OUTLINE AND LECTURE TOPICS

LECTURE TOPICS I. CITIES IN THE NEW WORLD	DATE	
Introduction to the course Theories of City Location and Growth Patterns of American Colonial Urbanization Planting and Planning Cities in the New World The Regulation of Urban Life The "Sorts" of City Folk: Class Structure in the Cities Social Institutions in the Cities Commercial Cities and the Rise of the Merchants The First Urban (Urbane?) American The Workshops of the Revolution Urban America in War and Peace Federal Cities and the Constitution	Sept.	6 13 18 20 25 27
MID-TERM EXAMINATION * * * Oct. 23		
II. CITIES IN THE NEW NATION		
The Rise of Western Cities "Instant Cities on the Frontier The Urban Frontier of the Old South Slaves and Free Blacks in Urban America Dreamers and Schemers of Urban Imperialism Urban Industrial Growth Foreigners and the "Discovery" of Poverty Urban Crime, Riots, and Violence	Oct.	25 30 1 6 8 13 15 20
Thanksgiving Recess, Nov. 22-25		
Social Mobility and "Democracy" The Unhealthy City Technology and Visions of the Urban Future Saving the Cities Through Planning The Southern Perimeter and the Civil War The Urbanization of Modern America	Dec.	27 29 4 6 11

Please note: There are two open days on which class will not meet. These are Sept. 11 and Oct. 11.

	TABI	LE 1	URBAN	POPULATION,	1690-178	30_(Select	ed Commun	nities)*		_	
City	1690	1710	1720	1730	1740	1750	1760	1770	1775	1776	1780
Philadelphia	4000	6500		11,500	10,500	13,400	23,75 0	28,000	33,000	21,767	30,000
New York	3900	5700		8622	11,000	13,300	18,000	21,000	25,000	5000	18,000
Boston	7000	9000	12,000	13,000	17,000	16,000	15,631	15,520	16,000	3500	10,000
Charleston	1100	3000	3500	4500	6800		8000	10,863	12,000	12,000	10,000
Newport	2600	2800	3800	4640	6200	6600	7500		.11,000	5299	5500
Baltimore						200			5934	5934	8000
New Haven						5000		8295			
New London						3000		5300			5600
Norwich						5000		7000			7300
Salem							4000			53 37	
Providence		1500		3900		3400		4000		4355	4300

*Population statistics for the period before 1790 (the year of the first Federal Census) are unreliable, except for the very largest cities. These figures, then, show relative rather than absolute population growth. In some cases the figures for a given community are estimates based on the nearest actual census: for example, Salem's population for 1760 is an estimate based on a 1764 census that gave the population as 4469.

TABLE 2	TOTAL AND URBAN	POPULATION	(PLACES OF 8000 OR	MORE) 1710-1780
Year	Total Population		Urban Population	
		Number	Population	% of Total Pop.
1710	357,500	1	9000	2.5
1720	474,388	1	12,000	2.3
1730	654,950	3	33,122	5.1
1740	889,000	3 `	38,500	4.3
1750	1,207,000	3	42,700	3.5
1760	1,610,000	4	65,381	4.1
1770	2,205,000	5	83,678	3.8 .
1780	2,781,000	5	76,000	2.7

Sources for both Tables: W.S. Rossiter, A CENTURY OF POPULATION GROWTH FROM THE FIRST CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES TO THE TWELFTH, 1790-1900 (Washington, D.C., 1909); Carl Bridenbaugh, CITIES IN REVOLT: URBAN LIFE IN AMERICA, 1743-1776 (New York, 1955).

TABLE 3
US URBAN POPULATION DATA 1790-1860
(all population figures in 1,000's)

			\ F		6-:00 2	.,				4
rank 1840	15 largest cities as of 1860	1790	1800	1810	1820	1830	1840	1850	1860	# of population engaged in manufacturing
1 2 4 3 5	New York (& Brooklyn) Philadelphia Baltimore Boston New Orleans	33 44 13.5 18	60.5 61.5 26.5 24.9	100 87 46.5 38.7	130.8 108.8 62.7 54 27	214.9 161 80.6 85.5 46	348.9 220 102 118.8 102	612.3 340 169 136.8 116	1080.3 565.5 212 177.8 168.6	17.5 10.8 8
6	Cincinnati St. Louis Chicago Buffalo Newark						46.3 16.4 - 18	115 77 29 42 38	161 160.7 109 81 71	18.3 5.8 4.9 6.9 26.2
10 ?	Louisville Albany Washington San Francisco Providence					214.2	21.2 33.7 23	43 50 40 34.8 41	68 62 61 56 50	9.8 9.3 3.9 2.6 22.0
8 12 13 14 11	population of leading cities of 1840 which were not among the largest in 1860 Charleston, S.C. Lowell, Mass. Richmond, Va. Rochester Pittshurgh					<u></u>	29 20.7 20 20 21.2	42.9 33.3 27.5 36.4 46.6	40.5 36.8 37.9 48.2 48	•
	total U.S. population ng in cities (over 2500)	5.13%	6.07%	7.26%	7.19%	8.76%	. 10.76%	15.2%	19.7%	
livir four small easte	total urban population in each group of citical large eastern ports eastern ports or interior cities orn cities	54.1 % 36 9.9		52 % 26 15.7 5.5			43% 15.9 22.3 18	· <u>,</u>		<u> </u>
	l U.S. canal mileage					1277	3326 3328	3698 8820	30.63	6°,

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TABLE 4

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POPULATION GROWTH OF SELECTED SOUTHERN CITIES, 1820 - 1870

City	1820	1830	1840_	1850	1860	1870	
Baltimore	62,738	80,620	102,313	169,054	212,418	267,354	
Charleston	24,780	30,289	29,261	42,985	40,522	48,956	
Louisville	4,012	10,341	21,210	43,194	68,033	100,753	
Mobile	2,672	3,194	12,672	20,515	29,258	32,034	
New Orleans	27,176	29,737	102,193	116,375	168,675	191,418	
Norfolk	8,478	9,814	10,920	14,326	14,620	19,229	
Richmond	12,067	16,060	20,153	27,570	37,910	51,038	
St. Louis	10,049	14,125	16,469	77,860	160,773	310,864	
Savannah	7,523	7,776	11,214	15,312	22,292	28,235	
Washington, 'D.C.	13,247	18,826	23,364	40,001	61,122	109,199	
Memphis				8,841	22,623	40,226	
Atlanta				2,572	9,954	21,789	

TABLE 1 URBAN POPULATION, 1690-1780 (Selected Communities)*											
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						•					
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4 3 5	Baltimore Boston New Orleans	13.5 18	26.5 24.9	46.5 38.7 17	62.7 54 27	80.6 85.5 46	102 118.8 102	169 136.8 116	212 177.8 168.6	10.8
6	Cincinnati St. Louis Chicago Buffalo Newark						46.3 16.4 - 18	115 77 29 42 38	161 160.7 109 81 71	18.3 5.8 4.9 6.9 26.2
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